

# Package: gcap (via r-universe)

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**Type** Package

**Title** Gene-level Circular Amplicon Prediction

**Version** 1.2.0

**Description** Provides data processing pipeline feeding paired bam files (or allele-specific copy number data) and XGBOOST model for predicting tumor circular amplicons (also known as ecDNA) in gene level.

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**URL** <https://github.com/ShixiangWang/gcap>,  
<https://shixiangwang.github.io/gcap/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/ShixiangWang/gcap/issues>

**Depends** ASCAT (>= 3.0.0), R (>= 3.5), sigminer (>= 2.1.1)

**Imports** cli (>= 3.1.0), data.table, GetoptLong, glue, lgr, magrittr, mltools, purrr, quadprog, R6, rappdirs, Rcpp, stats, uuid, xgboost

**Suggests** BiocManager, copynumber, facets, IDConverter (>= 0.3.0), PRROC, sequenza, testthat (>= 3.0.0), utils

**LinkingTo** Rcpp

**Remotes** git::https://bitbucket.org/sequenzatools/sequenza.git@master,  
github::VanLoo-lab/ascats/ASCAT,  
github::ShixiangWang/copynumber, github::ShixiangWang/facets,  
github::ShixiangWang/IDConverter

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**Repository** <https://shixiangwang.r-universe.dev>

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---

ascn	<i>Example allele specific copy number (ASCN) data</i>
------	--

---

### Description

Example allele specific copy number (ASCN) data

### Format

A data.frame

### Source

Generate from data-raw/, raw source from our study by calling ASCAT v3.0 alpha on corresponding WES sequencing data.

### Examples

```
data("ascn")
```

---

`deploy`*Deploy Command Line Interface to System Local Path*

---

**Description**

Only should be used in Unix-like system. For details of the arguments passing to CLI, please check [gcap.workflow\(\)](#) and [gcap.ASCNworkflow\(\)](#).

**Usage**

```
deploy(target = "/usr/local/bin")
```

**Arguments**

`target` the target path to deploy the CLI.

**Value**

Nothing.

---

`ec`*Example ecDNA training data*

---

**Description**

Example ecDNA training data

**Format**

A `data.table`

**Source**

Generate from `data-raw/`

**Examples**

```
data("ec")
```

---

fCNA	<i>R6 class representing focal copy number amplification list predicted from a cohort</i>
------	---

---

### Description

Contains fields storing data and methods to get, process and visualize fCNA information. Examples please see [gcap.ASCNworkflow\(\)](#).

### Public fields

`data` a `data.table` storing fCNA list, which typically contains following columns:

- `sample` sample or case ID.
- `band_chromosome` cytoband.
- `gene_id` gene ID, typically Ensembl ID. You can convert the ID with R package `IDConverter`.
- `total_cn` total copy number value.
- `minor_cn` copy number value for minor allele.
- `prob` the probability the gene located in circular DNA.
- `gene_class` gene level amplicon classification.

`sample_summary` a `data.table` storing sample summary data, which typically contains at least the following columns:

- `sample` sample or case ID. **Should only include cases have been called with GCAP workflow, otherwise the extra cases would be automatically classified as 'nofocal' (i.e. NA in sample\_summary field) class.**
- `purity`, `ploidy` for tumor purity or ploidy.
- `AScore` aneuploidy score.
- `pLOH` genome percentage harboring LOH events.
- `CN1 ... CN19` activity of copy number signatures.
- `class` the sample class based on amplicon type.
- `ec_genes` number of genes predicted as located on circular DNA.
- `ec_possibly_genes` same with `ec_genes` but with less confidence.
- `ec_cytobands` number of cytobands predicted as located on circular DNA. (the regions of `ec_possibly_genes` are not included in computation)

### Active bindings

`min_prob` check `$new()` method for details. If you updated this value, a function will be called to update the sample summary.

### Methods

#### Public methods:

- `fCNA$new()`
- `fCNA$subset()`

- `fCNA$getSampleSummary()`
- `fCNA$getGeneSummary()`
- `fCNA$getCytobandSummary()`
- `fCNA$saveToFiles()`
- `fCNA$convertGeneID()`
- `fCNA$print()`

**Method** `new()`: Create a fCNA object. Typically, you can obtain this object from `gcap.workflow()` or `gcap.ASCNworkflow()`.

*Usage:*

```
fCNA$new(
  fcna,
  pdata = fcna[, "sample", drop = FALSE],
  min_prob = 0.6,
  only_oncogenes = FALSE,
  genome_build = c("hg38", "hg19", "mm10")
)
```

*Arguments:*

`fcna` a data.frame storing focal copy number amplicon list.

`pdata` a data.frame storing phenotype or sample-level related data. (Optional)

`min_prob` the minimal aggregated (in cytoband level) probability to determine a circular amplicon.

`only_oncogenes` `only_oncogenes` if TRUE, only known oncogenes are kept for circular prediction.

`genome_build` genome version

**Method** `subset()`: Return a subset fCNA object

*Usage:*

```
fCNA$subset(..., on = c("data", "sample_summary"))
```

*Arguments:*

`...` subset expressions on `fCNA$data` or `fCNA$sample_summary`.

`on` if it is "data", subset operations are on data field of fCNA object, same for "sample\_summary".

*Returns:* a fCNA

**Method** `getSampleSummary()`: Get sample summary of fCNA

*Usage:*

```
fCNA$getSampleSummary(
  only_oncogenes = FALSE,
  genome_build = c("hg38", "hg19", "mm10")
)
```

*Arguments:*

`only_oncogenes` `only_oncogenes` if TRUE, only known oncogenes are kept for circular prediction.

`genome_build` genome version.

*Returns:* a data.table

**Method** `getGeneSummary()`: Get gene level summary of fCNA type

*Usage:*

```
fCNA$getGeneSummary(return_mat = FALSE)
```

*Arguments:*

`return_mat` if TRUE, return a cytoband by sample matrix instead of a summary.

*Returns:* a data.table or a matrix.

**Method** `getCytobandSummary()`: Get cytoband level summary of fCNA type

*Usage:*

```
fCNA$getCytobandSummary(unique = FALSE, return_mat = FALSE)
```

*Arguments:*

`unique` if TRUE, count sample frequency instead of gene frequency.

`return_mat` if TRUE, return a cytoband by sample matrix instead of a summary.

*Returns:* a data.table

**Method** `saveToFiles()`: Save the key data to local files

*Usage:*

```
fCNA$saveToFiles(dirpath, fileprefix = "fCNA")
```

*Arguments:*

`dirpath` directory path storing output files.

`fileprefix` file prefix. Two result files shall be generated.

**Method** `convertGeneID()`: Convert Gene IDs between Ensembl and Hugo Symbol System

*Usage:*

```
fCNA$convertGeneID(  
  type = c("ensembl", "symbol"),  
  genome_build = c("hg38", "hg19", "mm10")  
)
```

*Arguments:*

`type` type of input IDs, could be 'ensembl' or 'symbol'.

`genome_build` reference genome build.

**Method** `print()`: print the fCNA object

*Usage:*

```
fCNA$print(...)
```

*Arguments:*

... unused.

---

gcap.ASCNworkflow      *GCAP workflow for gene-level amplicon prediction from ASCN input*

---

## Description

Unlike [gcap.workflow](#), this function directly uses the allele-specific copy number data along with some extra sample information to infer ecDNA genes.

## Usage

```
gcap.ASCNworkflow(
  data,
  genome_build = c("hg38", "hg19"),
  model = "XGB11",
  tightness = 1L,
  gap_cn = 3L,
  overlap = 1,
  only_oncogenes = FALSE,
  outdir = getwd(),
  result_file_prefix = paste0("gcap_", uuid::UUIDgenerate(TRUE))
)
```

## Arguments

data	<p>a data.frame with following columns. The key columns can be obtained from common allele specific CNV calling software, e.g., ASCAT, Sequenza, FACETS.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• chromosome: chromosome names starts with 'chr'.</li> <li>• start: start position of the segment.</li> <li>• end: end position of the segment.</li> <li>• total_cn: total integer copy number of the segment.</li> <li>• minor_cn: minor allele integer copy number of the segment. Set it to NA if you don't have this data.</li> <li>• sample: sample identifier.</li> <li>• purity: tumor purity of the sample. Set to 1 if you don't know.</li> <li>• ploidy (optinal): ploidy value of the sample tumor genome.</li> <li>• age (optional): age of the case, use along with gender.</li> <li>• gender (optional): gender of the case, use along with age.</li> <li>• type (optional): cancer type of the case, use along with age and gender. Please refer to <a href="#">gcap.collapse2Genes</a> to see the supported cancer types. This info is only used in 'XGB56' model. If you don't use this model, you don't need to set it.</li> </ul>
genome_build	"hg38" or "hg19".
model	model name ("XGB11", "XGB32", "XGB56") or a custom model from input. 'toy' can be used for test.

tightness	a coefficient to times to TCGA somatic CN to set a more strict threshold as a circular amplicon. If the value is larger, it is more likely a fCNA assigned to noncircular instead of circular. <b>When it is NA, we don't use TCGA somatic CN data as reference.</b>
gap_cn	a gap copy number value. A gene with copy number above background (ploidy + gap_cn in general) would be treated as focal amplicon. Smaller, more amplicons.
overlap	the overlap percentage on gene.
only_oncogenes	if TRUE, only known oncogenes are kept for circular prediction.
outdir	result output path.
result_file_prefix	file name prefix (without directory path) for storing final model prediction file in CSV format. Default a unique file name is generated by UUID approach.

### Value

a list of invisible data.table and corresponding files saved to local machine.

### Examples

```

data("ascn")
data <- ascn
rv <- gcap.ASCNworkflow(data, outdir = tempdir(), model = "XGB11")
data$purity <- 1
rv2 <- gcap.ASCNworkflow(data, outdir = tempdir(), model = "XGB11")
data$age <- 60
data$gender <- "XY"
rv3 <- gcap.ASCNworkflow(data, outdir = tempdir(), model = "XGB32")
# If you want to use 'XGB56', you should include 'type' column
data$type <- "LUAD"
rv4 <- gcap.ASCNworkflow(data, outdir = tempdir(), model = "XGB56")
# If you only have total integer copy number
data$minor_cn <- NA
rv5 <- gcap.ASCNworkflow(data, outdir = tempdir(), model = "XGB11")

# R6 class fCNA -----
print(rv)
print(rv$data)
print(rv$sample_summary)
print(rv$gene_summary)
print(rv$cytoband_summary)

# Create a subset fCNA
rv_subset <- rv$subset(total_cn > 10)
nrow(rv$data)
nrow(rv_subset$data)

rv_subset2 <- rv$subset(sample == "TCGA-02-2485-01")
nrow(rv_subset2$data)
unique(rv_subset2$data$sample)

```



```

sum_gene <- rv$getGeneSummary()
sum_gene
mat_gene <- rv$getGeneSummary(return_mat = TRUE)
mat_gene

sum_cytoband <- rv$getCytobandSummary()
sum_cytoband
mat_cytoband <- rv$getCytobandSummary(return_mat = TRUE)
mat_cytoband

```

---

gcap.collapse2Genes     *Generate unified gene-level feature data*

---

### Description

Generate unified gene-level feature data

### Usage

```

gcap.collapse2Genes(
  fts,
  extra_info = NULL,
  include_type = FALSE,
  fix_type = TRUE,
  genome_build = c("hg38", "hg19", "mm10"),
  overlap = 1
)

```

### Arguments

fts	(modified) result from <code>gcap.extractFeatures()</code>
extra_info	(optional) a <code>data.frame</code> with 3 columns 'sample', 'age' and 'gender', for including cancer type, check parameter <code>include_type</code> . For gender, should be 'XX' or 'XY', also could be 0 for 'XX' and 1 for 'XY'.
include_type	if TRUE, a fourth column named 'type' should be included in <code>extra_info</code> , the supported cancer type should be described with <b>TCGA cancer type abbr.</b>
fix_type	default is TRUE, only cancer types used in pre-trained models are used, others will be convert to NA. If FALSE, only generating one-hot encoding for cancer types in input data.
genome_build	genome build version, should be one of 'hg38', 'hg19'.
overlap	the overlap percentage on gene.

### Value

a `data.table`.

---

`gcap.extractFeatures` *Extract sample and region level features*

---

### Description

Extract sample and region level features

### Usage

```
gcap.extractFeatures(
  ascat_files,
  genome_build = c("hg38", "hg19", "mm10"),
  ascn_data = NULL
)
```

### Arguments

`ascat_files` a list of file path. Typically the result of `gcap.runASCAT()`

`genome_build` genome build version, should be one of 'hg38', 'hg19'.

`ascn_data` if `ascat_files` is missing, an alternative `data.frame` can be provided for ASCN data along with purity and ploidy (optional).

### Value

a list.

---

`gcap.runASCAT` *Run ASCAT on tumor-normal pair WES data files*

---

### Description

A wrapper calling ASCAT on WES data on one or more tumor(-normal paired) bam data. Note, for multiple tumor-normal pairs, the first 5 arguments should be a vector with same length.

### Usage

```
gcap.runASCAT(
  tumourseqfile,
  normalseqfile = NA_character_,
  tumourname,
  normalname = NA_character_,
  jobname = tumourname,
  outdir = getwd(),
  allelecounter_exe = "~/miniconda3/envs/cancerit/bin/alleleCounter",
  g1000allelesprefix = file.path("~/data/snp/1000G_loci_hg38",
```

```

    "1kg.phase3.v5a_GRCh38nounref_allele_index_chr"),
  g1000lociprefix = file.path("~/data/snp/1000G_loci_hg38",
    "1kg.phase3.v5a_GRCh38nounref_loci_chrstring_chr"),
  GCcontentfile = "~/data/snp/GC_correction_hg38.txt",
  replicatingfile = "~/data/snp/RT_correction_hg38.txt",
  nthreads = 22,
  minCounts = 10,
  BED_file = NA,
  probloci_file = NA,
  chrom_names = 1:22,
  gender = "XX",
  min_base_qual = 20,
  min_map_qual = 35,
  penalty = 70,
  genome_build = "hg38",
  skip_finished_ASCAT = FALSE
)

```

### Arguments

tumourseqfile	Full path to the tumour BAM file.
normalseqfile	Full path to the normal BAM file.
tumourname	Identifier to be used for tumour output files.
normalname	Identifier to be used for normal output files.
jobname	job name, typically an unique name for a tumor-normal pair.
outdir	result output path.
allelecounter_exe	Path to the allele counter executable.
g1000allelesprefix	Prefix path to the allele data (e.g. "G1000_alleles_chr").
g1000lociprefix	Prefix path to the loci data (e.g. "G1000_loci_chr").
GCcontentfile	File containing the GC content around every SNP for increasing window sizes.
replicatingfile	File containing replication timing at every SNP for various cell lines.
nthreads	The number of parallel processes for getting allele counts (optional, default=1).
minCounts	Minimum depth required in the normal for a SNP to be considered (optional, default=10).
BED_file	A BED file for only looking at SNPs within specific intervals (optional, default=NA).
probloci_file	A file (chromosome <tab> position; no header) containing specific loci to ignore (optional, default=NA).
chrom_names	A vector containing the names of chromosomes to be considered (optional, default=1:22).

gender	a vector of gender for each cases ("XX" or "XY"). Default = all female ("XX"). Ignore this if you don't include sex chromosomes.
min_base_qual	Minimum base quality required for a read to be counted (optional, default=20).
min_map_qual	Minimum mapping quality required for a read to be counted (optional, default=35).
penalty	penalty of introducing an additional ASPCF breakpoint (expert parameter, don't adapt unless you know what you're doing)
genome_build	"hg38" or "hg19".
skip_finished_ASCAT	if TRUE, skipped finished ASCAT calls to save time.

**Value**

Nothing. Check the outdir for results.

---

gcap.runASCNBuildflow *Build data for prediction from absolute copy number data*

---

**Description**

This is a wrapper of `gcap.extractFeatures()` and `gcap.collapse2Genes()` to combine the feature extraction and predict input generate procedure. If you want to modify the result of `gcap.extractFeatures()`, you should always use the two functions instead of this wrapper.

**Usage**

```
gcap.runASCNBuildflow(data, genome_build = c("hg38", "hg19"), overlap = 1)
```

**Arguments**

data	<p>a data.frame with following columns. The key columns can be obtained from common allele specific CNV calling software, e.g., ASCAT, Sequenza, FACETS.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• chromosome: chromosome names starts with 'chr'.</li> <li>• start: start position of the segment.</li> <li>• end: end position of the segment.</li> <li>• total_cn: total integer copy number of the segment.</li> <li>• minor_cn: minor allele integer copy number of the segment. Set it to NA if you don't have this data.</li> <li>• sample: sample identifier.</li> <li>• purity: tumor purity of the sample. Set to 1 if you don't know.</li> <li>• ploidy (optinal): ploidy value of the sample tumor genome.</li> <li>• age (optional): age of the case, use along with gender.</li> <li>• gender (optional): gender of the case, use along with age.</li> </ul>
------	---

- type (optional): cancer type of the case, use along with age and gender. Please refer to [gcap.collapse2Genes](#) to see the supported cancer types. This info is only used in 'XGB56' model. If you don't use this model, you don't need to set it.
- genome\_build "hg38" or "hg19".
- overlap the overlap percentage on gene.

**Value**

a data.table.

**See Also**

[gcap.runBuildflow](#)

---

gcap.runBuildflow	<i>Build data for prediction from ASCAT result files</i>
-------------------	--

---

**Description**

This is a wrapper of [gcap.extractFeatures\(\)](#) and [gcap.collapse2Genes\(\)](#) to combine the feature extraction and predict input generate procedure. If you want to modify the result of [gcap.extractFeatures\(\)](#), you should always use the two functions instead of this wrapper.

**Usage**

```
gcap.runBuildflow(
  ascat_files,
  extra_info,
  include_type = FALSE,
  genome_build = c("hg38", "hg19", "mm10"),
  overlap = 1
)
```

**Arguments**

- ascat\_files a list of file path. Typically the result of [gcap.runASCAT\(\)](#)
- extra\_info (optional) a data.frame with 3 columns 'sample', 'age' and 'gender', for including cancer type, check parameter include\_type. For gender, should be 'XX' or 'XY', also could be 0 for 'XX' and 1 for 'XY'.
- include\_type if TRUE, a fourth column named 'type' should be included in extra\_info, the supported cancer type should be described with **TCGA cancer type abbr.**
- genome\_build genome build version, should be one of 'hg38', 'hg19'.
- overlap the overlap percentage on gene.

**Value**

a data.table.

---

gcap.runPrediction      *Run gene-level circular prediction*

---

**Description**

Run gene-level circular prediction

**Usage**

```
gcap.runPrediction(data, model = "XGB11")
```

**Arguments**

data	data to predict (data.frame/matrix format), from <a href="#">gcap.collapse2Genes()</a> in general.
model	model name ("XGB11", "XGB32", "XGB56") or a custom model from input. 'toy' can be used for test.

**Value**

a numeric vector representing prob.

**Examples**

```
data("ec")
# Use toy model for illustration
y_pred <- gcap.runPrediction(ec, "toy")
y_pred
```

---

gcap.runScoring      *Summarize prediction result into gene/sample-level*

---

**Description**

Summarize prediction result into gene/sample-level

**Usage**

```
gcap.runScoring(
  data,
  genome_build = "hg38",
  min_prob = 0.6,
  tightness = 1L,
  gap_cn = 3L,
  only_oncogenes = FALSE
)
```

**Arguments**

data	a data.table containing result from <a href="#">gcap.runPrediction</a> .
genome_build	genome build version, should be one of 'hg38', 'hg19'.
min_prob	the minimal aggregated (in cytoband level) probability to determine a circular amplicon. The default value is for the balance of recall and precision. <b>We highly recommend set it to 0.95 or larger if you want to detect solid positive cases (for experimental validation etc.) instead of subtyping cases.</b>
tightness	a coefficient to times to TCGA somatic CN to set a more strict threshold as a circular amplicon. If the value is larger, it is more likely a fCNA assigned to noncircular instead of circular. <b>When it is NA, we don't use TCGA somatic CN data as reference.</b>
gap_cn	a gap copy number value. A gene with copy number above background (ploidy + gap_cn in general) would be treated as focal amplicon. Smaller, more amplicons.
only_oncogenes	if TRUE, only known oncogenes are kept for circular prediction.

**Value**

a list of data.table.

**Examples**

```
data("ec")
ec2 <- ec
ec2$prob <- gcap.runPrediction(ec)
score <- gcap.runScoring(ec2)
score
```

---

gcap.workflow

*GCAP workflow for gene-level amplicon prediction*


---

**Description**

GCAP workflow for gene-level amplicon prediction

**Usage**

```
gcap.workflow(
  tumourseqfile,
  normalseqfile,
  tumourname,
  normalname,
  jobname = tumourname,
  extra_info = NULL,
  include_type = FALSE,
  genome_build = c("hg38", "hg19"),
```

```

model = "XGB11",
tightness = 1L,
gap_cn = 3L,
overlap = 1,
only_oncogenes = FALSE,
outdir = getwd(),
result_file_prefix = paste0("gcap_", uuid::UUIDgenerate(TRUE)),
allelecounter_exe = "~/miniconda3/envs/cancerit/bin/alleleCounter",
g1000allelesprefix = file.path("~/data/snp/1000G_loci_hg38",
  "1kg.phase3.v5a_GRCh38nounref_allele_index_chr"),
g1000lociprefix = file.path("~/data/snp/1000G_loci_hg38",
  "1kg.phase3.v5a_GRCh38nounref_loci_chrstring_chr"),
GCcontentfile = "~/data/snp/GC_correction_hg38.txt",
replictimingfile = "~/data/snp/RT_correction_hg38.txt",
nthreads = 22,
minCounts = 10,
BED_file = NA,
probloci_file = NA,
chrom_names = 1:22,
min_base_qual = 20,
min_map_qual = 35,
penalty = 70,
skip_finished_ASCAT = TRUE,
skip_ascat_call = FALSE
)

```

## Arguments

tumourseqfile	Full path to the tumour BAM file.
normalseqfile	Full path to the normal BAM file.
tumourname	Identifier to be used for tumour output files.
normalname	Identifier to be used for normal output files.
jobname	job name, typically an unique name for a tumor-normal pair.
extra_info	(optional) a (file containing) data.frame with 3 columns 'sample' (must identical to the setting of parameter jobname), 'age' and 'gender'. For gender, should be 'XX' or 'XY', also could be 0 for 'XX' and 1 for 'XY'.
include_type	if TRUE, a fourth column named 'type' should be included in extra_info, the supported cancer type should be described with <b>TCGA cancer type abbr.</b>
genome_build	"hg38" or "hg19".
model	model name ("XGB11", "XGB32", "XGB56") or a custom model from input. 'toy' can be used for test.
tightness	a coefficient to times to TCGA somatic CN to set a more strict threshold as a circular amplicon. If the value is larger, it is more likely a fCNA assigned to noncircular instead of circular. <b>When it is NA, we don't use TCGA somatic CN data as reference.</b>



gap_cn	a gap copy number value. A gene with copy number above background (ploidy + gap_cn in general) would be treated as focal amplicon. Smaller, more amplicons.
overlap	the overlap percentage on gene.
only_oncogenes	if TRUE, only known oncogenes are kept for circular prediction.
outdir	result output path.
result_file_prefix	file name prefix (without directory path) for storing final model prediction file in CSV format. Default a unique file name is generated by UUID approach.
allelecounter_exe	Path to the allele counter executable.
g1000allelesprefix	Prefix path to the allele data (e.g. "G1000_alleles_chr").
g1000lociprefix	Prefix path to the loci data (e.g. "G1000_loci_chr").
GCcontentfile	File containing the GC content around every SNP for increasing window sizes.
replictimingfile	File containing replication timing at every SNP for various cell lines.
nthreads	The number of parallel processes for getting allele counts (optional, default=1).
minCounts	Minimum depth required in the normal for a SNP to be considered (optional, default=10).
BED_file	A BED file for only looking at SNPs within specific intervals (optional, default=NA).
probloci_file	A file (chromosome <tab> position; no header) containing specific loci to ignore (optional, default=NA).
chrom_names	A vector containing the names of chromosomes to be considered (optional, default=1:22).
min_base_qual	Minimum base quality required for a read to be counted (optional, default=20).
min_map_qual	Minimum mapping quality required for a read to be counted (optional, default=35).
penalty	penalty of introducing an additional ASPCF breakpoint (expert parameter, don't adapt unless you know what you're doing)
skip_finished_ASCAT	if TRUE, skipped finished ASCAT calls to save time.
skip_ascat_call	if TRUE, skip calling ASCAT. This is useful when you have done this step and just want to run next steps.

### Value

a list of invisible data.table and corresponding files saved to local machine.

---

gcap.workflow.facets *GCAP FACETS workflow for gene-level amplicon prediction*

---

## Description

GCAP FACETS workflow for gene-level amplicon prediction

## Usage

```
gcap.workflow.facets(
  tumourseqfile,
  normalseqfile,
  jobname,
  extra_info = NULL,
  include_type = FALSE,
  genome_build = c("mm10", "hg38", "hg19"),
  model = "XGB11",
  tightness = 1L,
  gap_cn = 3L,
  overlap = 1,
  pro_cval = 100,
  only_oncogenes = FALSE,
  snp_file = "path/to/genome_build_responding.vcf.gz",
  outdir = getwd(),
  result_file_prefix = paste0("gcap_", uuid::UUIDgenerate(TRUE)),
  util_exe = system.file("extcode", "snp-pileup", package = "facets"),
  nthreads = 1,
  skip_finished_facets = TRUE,
  skip_facets_call = FALSE
)
```

## Arguments

tumourseqfile	Full path to the tumour BAM file.
normalseqfile	Full path to the normal BAM file.
jobname	job name, typically an unique name for a tumor-normal pair.
extra_info	(optional) a (file containing) data.frame with 3 columns 'sample' (must identical to the setting of parameter jobname), 'age' and 'gender'. For gender, should be 'XX' or 'XY', also could be 0 for 'XX' and 1 for 'XY'.
include_type	if TRUE, a fourth column named 'type' should be included in extra_info, the supported cancer type should be described with <b>TCGA cancer type abbr.</b>
genome_build	genome build version, should be one of 'hg38', 'hg19' and 'mm10'.
model	model name ("XGB11", "XGB32", "XGB56") or a custom model from input. 'toy' can be used for test.

tightness	a coefficient to times to TCGA somatic CN to set a more strict threshold as a circular amplicon. If the value is larger, it is more likely a fCNA assigned to noncircular instead of circular. <b>When it is NA, we don't use TCGA somatic CN data as reference.</b>
gap_cn	a gap copy number value. A gene with copy number above background (ploidy + gap_cn in general) would be treated as focal amplicon. Smaller, more amplicons.
overlap	the overlap percentage on gene.
pro_cval	critical value for segmentation used in <code>facets::procSample()</code> .
only_oncogenes	if TRUE, only known oncogenes are kept for circular prediction.
snp_file	a file path to SNP file of genome, should be consistent with <code>genome_build</code> option.
outdir	result output path.
result_file_prefix	file name prefix (without directory path) for storing final model prediction file in CSV format. Default a unique file name is generated by UUID approach.
util_exe	the path to <code>snp-pileup</code> .
nthreads	The number of parallel processes for getting allele counts (optional, default=1).
skip_finished_facets	if TRUE, skip finished FACETS runs.
skip_facets_call	if TRUE, skip calling FACETS. This is useful when you have done this step and just want to run next steps.

### Details

For generating the `snp-pileup` program, reference commands given here. You need modify corresponding path to fit your own machine.

```
cd /data3/wsx/R/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.2/facets/extcode/
g++ -std=c++11 -I/data3/wsx/miniconda3/envs/circlemap/include snp-pileup.cpp -L/data3/wsx/miniconda3/
```

### Value

a list of invisible data.table and corresponding files saved to local machine.

---

`gcap.workflow.seqz`      *GCAP sequenza workflow for gene-level amplicon prediction*

---

### Description

GCAP sequenza workflow for gene-level amplicon prediction

**Usage**

```

gcap.workflow.seqz(
  tumourseqfile,
  normalseqfile,
  jobname,
  extra_info = NULL,
  include_type = FALSE,
  genome_build = c("mm10", "hg38", "hg19"),
  model = "XGB11",
  tightness = 1L,
  gap_cn = 3L,
  overlap = 1,
  only_oncogenes = FALSE,
  ref_file = "path/to/reference.fa",
  data_tmp_dir = "~/gcap_data",
  outdir = getwd(),
  result_file_prefix = paste0("gcap_", uuid::UUIDgenerate(TRUE)),
  util_exe = "~/miniconda3/bin/sequenza-utils",
  samtools_exe = "~/miniconda3/bin/samtools",
  tabix_exe = "~/miniconda3/bin/tabix",
  nthreads = 1,
  skip_finished_sequenza = TRUE,
  skip_sequenza_call = FALSE
)

```

**Arguments**

tumourseqfile	Full path to the tumour BAM file.
normalseqfile	Full path to the normal BAM file.
jobname	job name, typically an unique name for a tumor-normal pair.
extra_info	(optional) a (file containing) data.frame with 3 columns 'sample' (must identical to the setting of parameter jobname), 'age' and 'gender'. For gender, should be 'XX' or 'XY', also could be 0 for 'XX' and 1 for 'XY'.
include_type	if TRUE, a fourth column named 'type' should be included in extra_info, the supported cancer type should be described with <b>TCGA cancer type abbr.</b>
genome_build	genome build version, should be one of 'hg38', 'hg19' and 'mm10'.
model	model name ("XGB11", "XGB32", "XGB56") or a custom model from input. 'toy' can be used for test.
tightness	a coefficient to times to TCGA somatic CN to set a more strict threshold as a circular amplicon. If the value is larger, it is more likely a fCNA assigned to noncircular instead of circular. <b>When it is NA, we don't use TCGA somatic CN data as reference.</b>
gap_cn	a gap copy number value. A gene with copy number above background (ploidy + gap_cn in general) would be treated as focal amplicon. Smaller, more amplicons.
overlap	the overlap percentage on gene.

only\_oncogenes if TRUE, only known oncogenes are kept for circular prediction.  
 ref\_file a reference genome file, should be consistent with genome\_build option.  
 data\_tmp\_dir a directory path for storing temp data for reuse in handling multiple samples.  
 outdir result output path.  
 result\_file\_prefix file name prefix (without directory path) for storing final model prediction file in CSV format. Default a unique file name is generated by UUID approach.  
 util\_exe the path to sequenza-utils.  
 samtools\_exe the path to samtools\_exe.  
 tabix\_exe the path to tabix.  
 nthreads The number of parallel processes for getting allele counts (optional, default=1).  
 skip\_finished\_sequenza if TRUE, skip finished sequenza runs.  
 skip\_sequenza\_call if TRUE, skip calling sequenza. This is useful when you have done this step and just want to run next steps.

**Value**

a list of invisible data . table and corresponding files saved to local machine.

---

get_auc	<i>Get AUC value</i>
---------	----------------------

---

**Description**

Get AUC value

**Usage**

```
get_auc(y_pred, y, type = c("pr", "roc"), curve = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

y\_pred y prediction vector.  
 y y true label vector.  
 type AUC type, either 'pr' or 'roc'.  
 curve if TRUE, generate plot data, the result can be plotted by plot().

**Value**

A object.

**Examples**

```
if (require("PRROC")) {
  set.seed(2021)
  auc <- get_auc(sample(1:10, 10), c(rep(0, 5), rep(1, 5)))
  auc
}
```

---

mergedTs	<i>Merge a list of data.table</i>
----------	-----------------------------------

---

**Description**

Merge a list of data.table

**Usage**

```
mergedTs(dt_list, by = NULL, sort = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

dt_list	a list of data.tables.
by	which column used for merging.
sort	should sort the result?

**Value**

a data.table

---

oncogenes	<i>Oncogene list</i>
-----------	----------------------

---

**Description**

Oncogene list

**Format**

A data.frame

**Source**

Generate from data-raw/, raw source from <http://ongene.bioinfo-minzhao.org/>

**Examples**

```
data("oncogenes")
```

---

overlaps	<i>Get overlaps of two genomic regions</i>
----------	--

---

**Description**

Get overlaps of two genomic regions

**Usage**

```
overlaps(x, y)
```

**Arguments**

x, y	a genomic region with data.frame format, the first 3 columns should representing chromosome, start and end position.
------	--

**Value**

a data.table

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